

LOGISTICS UK

Member Briefing

Compliance Update

May 2024

- EU General Safety Regulations
- Communication with the Traffic Commissioners
- The importance of effective driver walk round checks
- DVSA digitisation
- Driver CPC
- Fatigue
- Roller brake testing

(GSR)



- Implemented through vehicle and component 'type approval'
- Introduces 'safety measures'
- Measures that directly support driver called ADAS
- Mandatory from 7 July for:
 - New vehicles
 - New types



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- Mandatory from 7 July 2024 for:
 - New vehicles

Safety Measure

Intelligent speed assistance

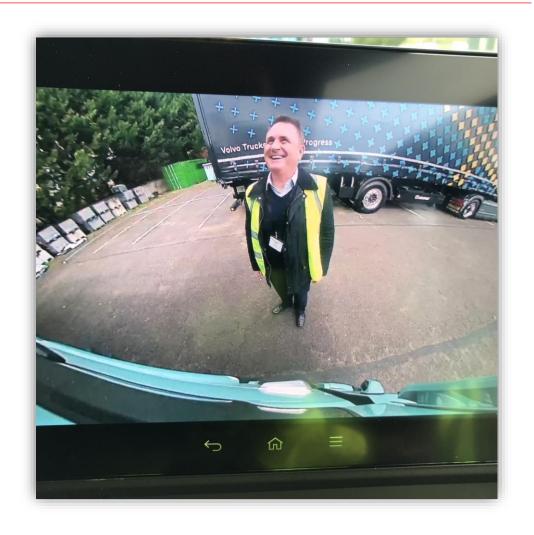
Driver drowsiness warning

Emergency stop signal

Reversing detection

Alcohol interlock facilitation

Cyber security update



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- Mandatory from 7 July 2024 for:
 - New cars and vans only

Safety Measure

Emergency lane keeping

Advanced emergency braking

Event data recorder



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- Mandatory from 7 July 2024 for:
 - New trucks and buses only

Safety Measure

Blind spot information

Pedestrian collision warning

Tyre pressure monitoring (trucks, buses and vans)



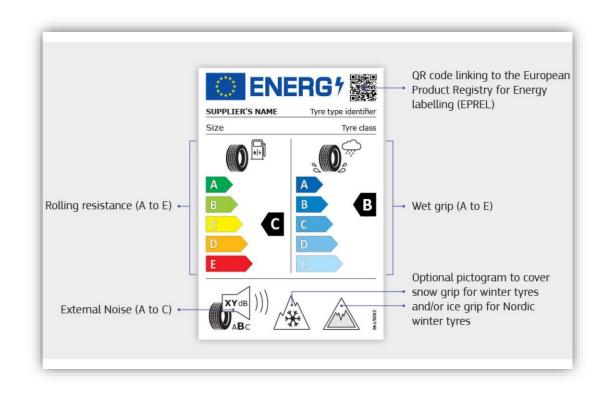
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- Mandatory from 7 July 2024 for:
 - New types

Safety Measure

Advanced distraction warning

Tyre assessed in worn condition



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- Safety measures to become mandatory on:
 - New car and van types only

Safety Measure

Advanced emergency braking Enlarged head impact zone



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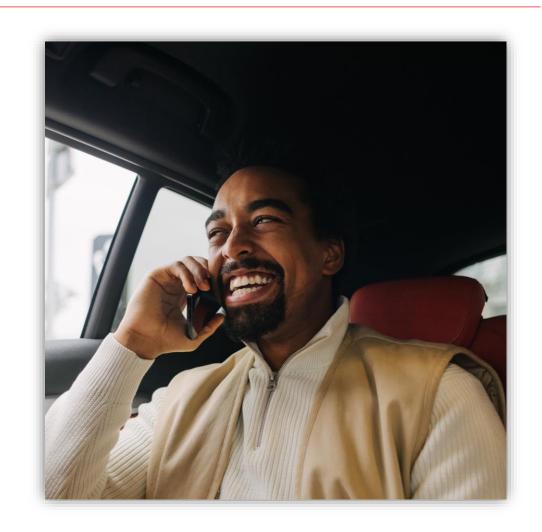
- Mandatory from 7 July 2024 for:
 - New automated vehicle types only

Safety Measure

Event data recorder

Driver availability monitoring

Platooning (automated trucks)







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GSR implementing legislation

- UNECE Regulation 159 Moving Off Information System (MOIS)
- UNECE Regulation 151 Blind Spot Information System (BSIS)

DVS Progressive Safe System requirements for blind spot information and moving off systems are not identical, but they are aligned.





Briefing note - DVS

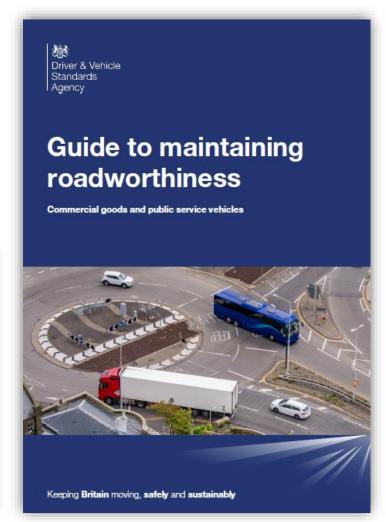
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The Guide To Maintaining Roadworthiness

• 'It should be remembered that a correctly functioning ADAS is designed to support a driver, not replace them.'



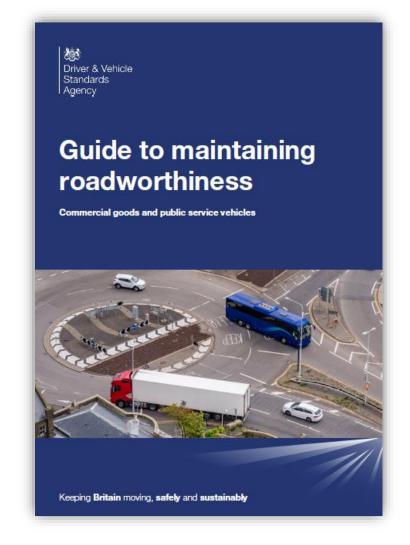




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The Guide To Maintaining Roadworthiness

 'The driver is always responsible for the safe operation of any vehicle under their control. It is therefore essential that staff are adequately trained to confirm that any ADAS fitted is functioning correctly and that faults highlighted are rectified before a vehicle is used on the highway.'



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ADAS driver checks

- Various sensors and cameras
- Mostly self-checking
- Faults displayed on dashboard





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ADAS maintenance

- Support safety critical systems
- Effective maintenance procedures essential
- It is vital that ADAS work is carried out by a competent person



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ADAS maintenance

- Maintenance should be fully documented
- Cameras and sensor calibration should be checked:
 - Windscreen replacement
 - ADAS device fault
 - Engine control unit fault
 - Wheel alignment
 - Mechanical or body repair affecting geometry



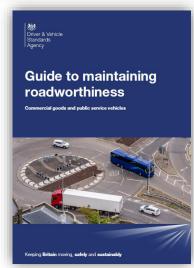
Briefing note - ADAS

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Switching off ADAS

- Systems allow deactivation
- Most reset automatically
- Guide to Maintaining Roadworthiness says:
 - 'Operators should have a documented policy on action to be taken if the ADAS system is defective or is deactivated.'

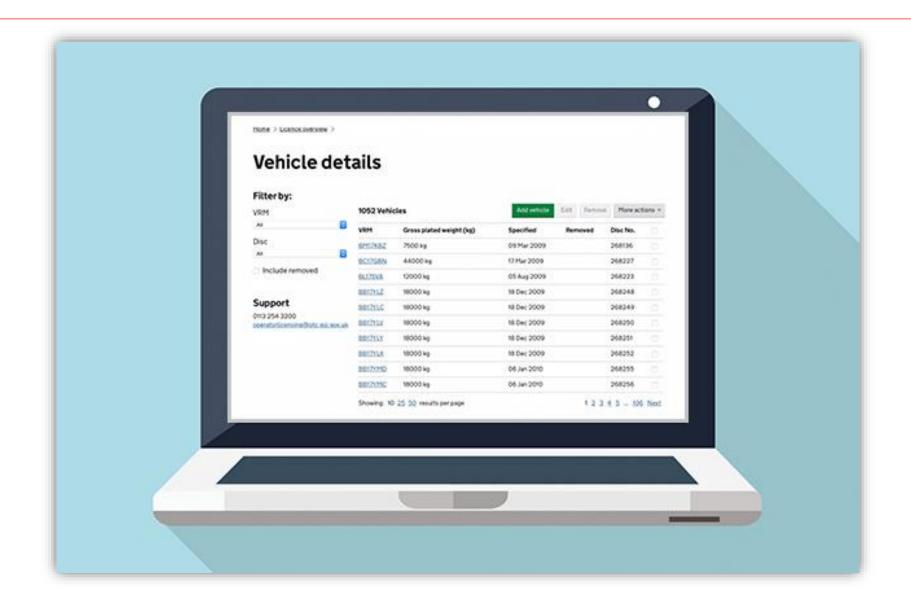




Communication with the Traffic Commissioners

Communications with the Traffic Commissioners

Conviction of an operator	within 28 days
Conviction of an employee	within 28 days
Bankruptcy of operator/partner/Director	within 28 days
Liquidation/administration/receivership/company voluntary arrangement (CVA)	before order/appointment is made
Change in name or legal form of undertaking	within 28 days
Death of operator/partner	as soon as possible
Change of licence type	Application required as no authority until grant
Change in operating centre	Application required as no authority until grant
Change in address of establishment	within 28 days
Change of director	as soon as possible
Change of partner	as soon as possible
Change of transport manager	within 28 days
Change of maintenance contractor/arrangements	as soon as possible
Removal of vehicle/trailer	within 21 days
Addition of vehicle/trailer	within 1 month if within the margin otherwise application required as no authority until grant



Period of grace

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What is a period of grace?

- Professional competence met by an individual who holds a Transport Manager Certificate of Professional Competence (CPC)
- Financial standing met by demonstrating access to the required level of finance which depends on the number of vehicles authorised
- Stable and effective establishment met by having an established premises in Great Britain, where core business documents are kept and have access to one or more vehicles



How long is the period of grace

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- Three-month grace period
- Legally capped at six months
- Nine months in the case of either:
 - Death
 - Incapacity of the transport manager
- Revocation of the operator's licence

Applications for a period of grace should be sent to: enquiries@otc.gov.uk





Don't leave things to the last minute!

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Don't leave things to the last minute



Submit as soon as possible



Ask for help if required



Importance of effective driver walk round checks

Driver walk round checks

- Forming part of the overall maintenance system, the drivers' role of checking their vehicle is very important
- Drivers should be trained in completing effective walk around checks
- Training should include correct completion of reports and processes, to ensure:
 - Defects are notified
 - Repairs are completed
 - There is an audit trail



Driver walk round checks - improvements

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How can we improve?

Driver training – choose relevant driver CPC courses

Gate checks

Auditing



Areas to focus on

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What should we be focussing on?

- Preparation
- Lamps
- Tyres
- Spray suppression
- Windscreen washers
- Dashboard warning lights

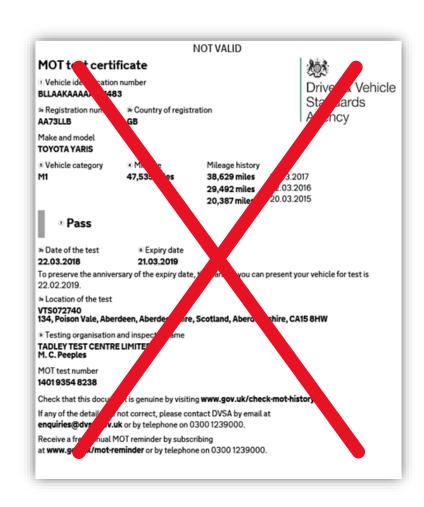


DVSA - Digitalisation



Digitisation - MOT pass

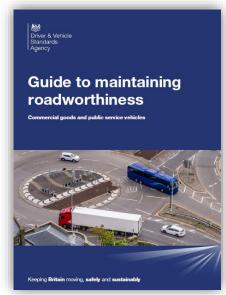
- 29 April 2024, DVSA will stop printing MOT pass certificates
- DVSA's digital transformation project for heavy vehicle testing
- Plans to move towards a digital first approach in the light vehicle MOT scheme also
- Enhance the user experience



Digitisation - MyVT

- Manage your Vehicle Testing digital service (MyVT)
- Ability to capture data quickly and test results in real time
- MOT history service (MOTH)
- View/download copy of pass certificate
- Publications will be updated





Digitisation - collaboration

- Working with frontline colleagues including Traffic Commissioners
- Provides most up to date and secure way to check MOT
- Still print a copy under certain circumstances
- Digitally aligning whole process across vehicle testing





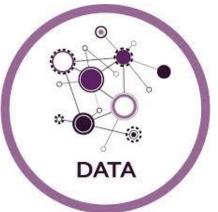
Digitisation – MyVT service

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- Log into the MyVT service and create an account
- Add team members who will also use the service
- DVSA's strategic plan to 2025 and vision to 2030
- Using new technologies and utilising data







DVSA webinar

Digitisation – modernising vehicle testing

- Progress in vehicle testing for HGV's
- Driver assist systems
- Introduction of Particulate Number (PN) testing for diesel engines
- Key to vision is ensuring the service is easy to use





Digitisation – future focus

- Improving the application, payment and booking processes
- Online payments
- Prioritise areas with fewer ATF's, bring more ATF's onboard where required
- Working with DfT and industry in reviewing the evidence and opportunities





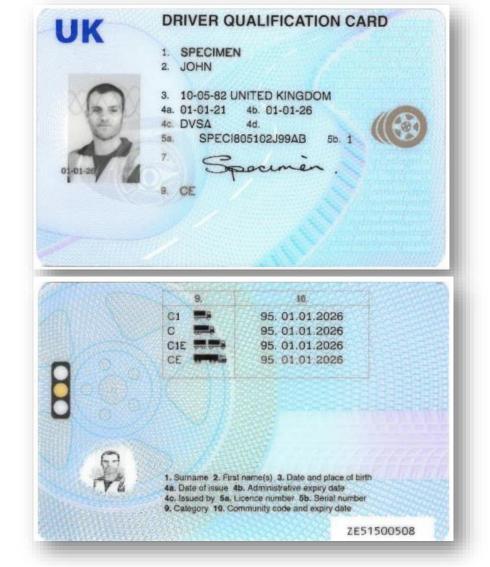


Driver Certificate of Professional Competence

(DCPC)

Driver CPC - DQC

- Driving vehicles that require a vocational licence entitlement
- Does not apply to category B licence vehicles or out of scope vehicles
- Driver Qualification Card
- Deadline: 9 September 2024



Driver CPC – DVSA portal

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Used

Used

Used

Invalid

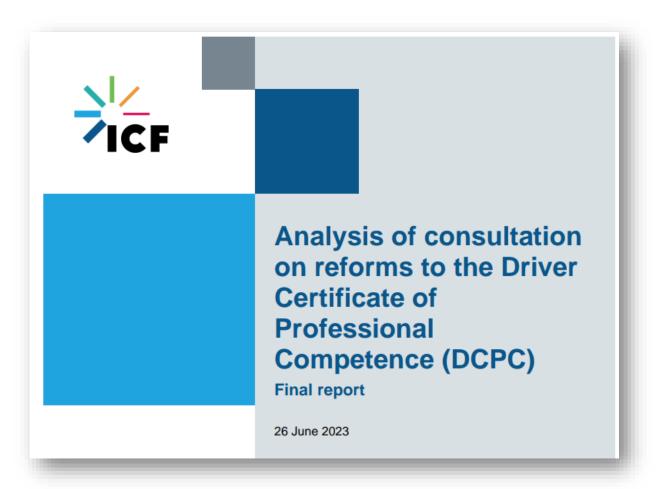
Invalid

- Check your Driver CPC periodic training hours
- Pay attention to the course dates and status of each course
- Each course has its own five-year validity to consider alongside DQC validity



Driver CPC - future

- Introduce a new National DCPC
- Reducing the minimum course length to 3.5 hours
- Periodic test?



Fatigue



Fatigue – causes and cures

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Causes

- Time of day or shift work
- Long driving periods
- Medication
- Meals
- Comfortable vehicles
- Disturbed sleep and stress

Cures?

- Caffeine / energy drinks
- Opening the window
- Turning up the radio
- Technology
- Sleep

Fatigue – accident statistics

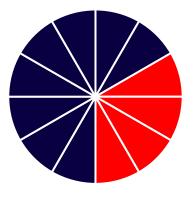
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10 to 20% accidents are fatigue related

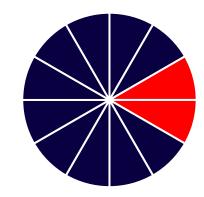
4 in 10 involve commercial vehicles

1 in 8 fallen asleep at the wheel

2am - 6am



2pm - 4pm



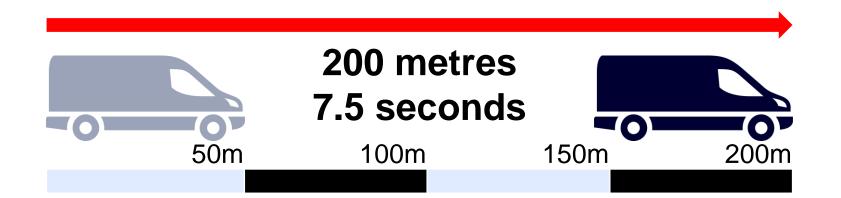
Fatigue – microsleeps

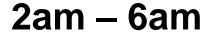
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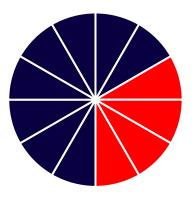
What are they?

- Lasts between 2 and 30 seconds
- No control of vehicle in this time
- Little to no recollection of it happening

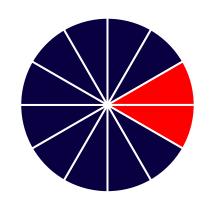
1 in 3 admitted to experiencing them







2pm - 4pm



Roller brake testing



Brake assessment methods



Brake assessment requirements

- Where do the brake testing requirements come from?
 - Regulation 18 (1) The Road Vehicle (Construction and Use) Regulations 1986:
 - 'Every part of every braking system and of the means of operation thereof fitted to a vehicle shall be maintained in good and efficient working order and be properly adjusted.'
- Roller Brake Testing (RBT)
- Load on the axle increases the test effectiveness



Roller brake test – the basics before the test is carried out **LOGISTICS UK**



- Let's look at the basics sounds obvious?
- Pipes and connections thoroughly checked before carrying out the brake test for:
 - Kinks
 - Damage
 - Leaks
- Corrosion or deterioration

Annual test – laden brake testing

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What about the annual test?

- Laden brake testing required, unless exempt
- Laden brake testing requirements
 - Regulation 18 (4) (b) The Road Vehicle (Construction and Use) Regulations 1986
- Braking efficiency must be met by a goods vehicle when operated at its maximum design weight



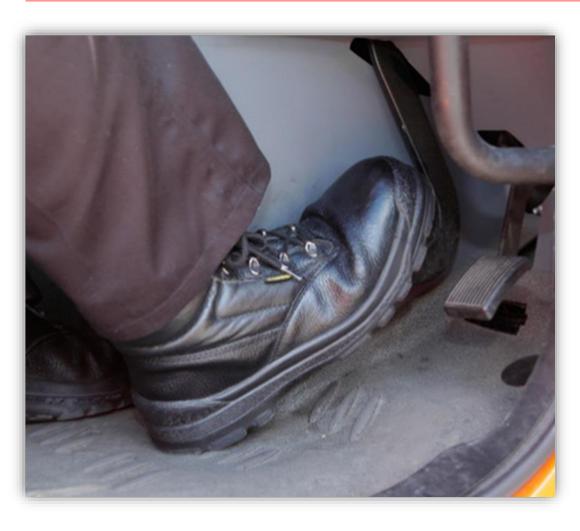


DTP number information

- DTP contains a wealth of information about the vehicle/trailer on a comprehensive data base including:
- Axle design weights
- Service brake operation
- Secondary brake distribution
- Park brake operation

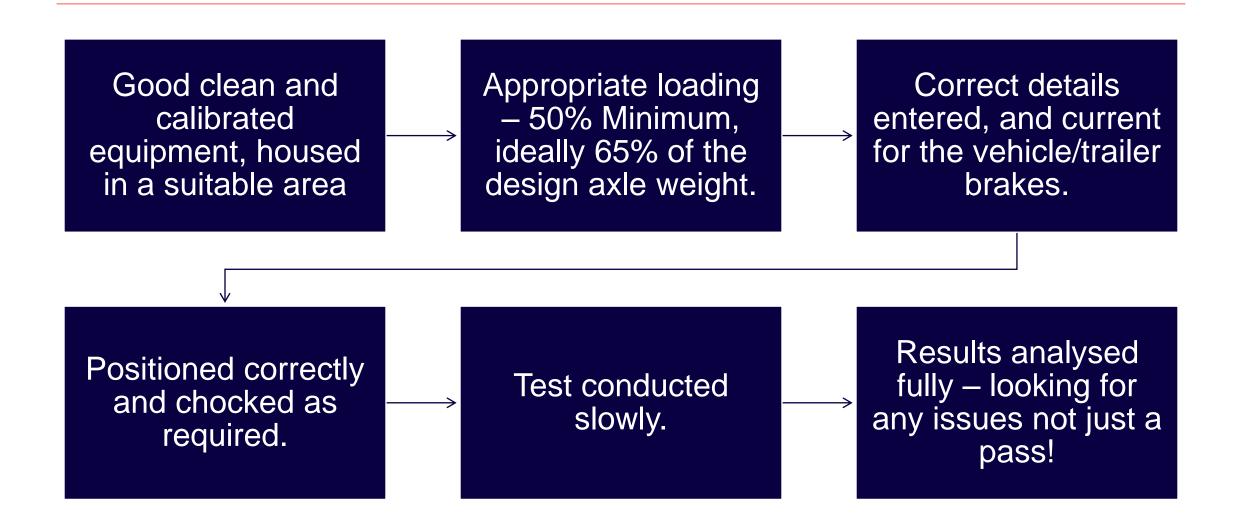
Driver & Vehicle Standards Agency Reg./Ident. Mark, Vehicle Identii		9	ROAD TRAFFIC ACT 1988 SECTION OF GOODS VEHICE PLACE TO THE REV. 2010			ONS 41, 49, 57 & 58 CLES	H9490001345 DTp Ref. No. 06193A
		fication No.			Variant		
Type Appre	oval No.				de .		
Manufacturer/ Model		SCANIA /R620				Speed Limiter N Exempt	
Function (See note 3) AR		TIC R	Year of Original Registration 04/03/		/13	Year of Manufacture	2013
(1) Description of Weights Applicable to vehicle		(2) Weights not to be exceeded in Gt. Britain		(3) Design Weights (If higher than shown in column 2)			
Gross Weight (See notes 1 & 4)		26000		26500			
Train Weight (See note 2)		44000		50000			
Max.Train Weight (See note 5)		44000				Date of Issue	
Axle Weights (Axles numbered from front to rear) (See note 1)	Axle 1	7500	-			DEPARTMENT FOR	
	Axle 2	11500				07/01	ORT
	Axle 3	7500				GREAT BR	
	Axle 4					-	
2. The MAX the type 3. If the las suspens 4. All weigh	cases to CIMUM p of suspect letter in sion is fit hts show	a vehicle towin ermissible train ension and train the function to ted. mare subject t	axle weight ma g or being towe n weight can va lor drawn. lox is 'R' road f o the fitting of o	ed by another. Iry depending on riendly correct tyres.		Tyre use condition applicable to vel	

Conducting the actual test (to get the best results)



- Load correctly
- Confirm correct Dtp number
- Position vehicle correctly
- Apply the brakes slowly and gradually to obtain the highest readings
- Slow application of the brake would not be used for the applied test

Brake testing - in summary



Brake test report guidance

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Brake test report

4.1 How to calculate brake performance

All brake test reports calculate brake performance using the following formula:

Brake performance (%) = $\frac{Brake effort}{Weight} \times 100$

Add together the braking forces from each wheel, to get the total braking effort. Divide this number by the weight (either GVW, GTW, TAW). Then multipy by 100.

EXAMPLE - Service brake

Axle 1: N/S 1,250KgF O/S 1,130KgF Axle 2: N/S 2,170KgF O/S 2,300KgF Brake force = 1,250 + 1,130 + 2,170 + 2,300 = 6,850 Weight = 12,000GVW

Brake performance (%) = (6,850 / 12,000) X 100 = 57 (%)

4.2 Overview of the brake test report

The brake report has three main sections:

1 Vehicle/trailer details

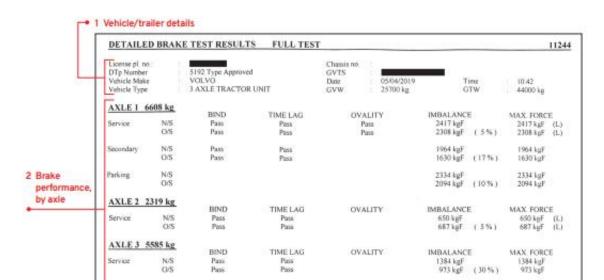
These should be checked to ensure the details relate to the correct vehicle or trailer and to its designed weights. If they do not, the test results may not be relevant.

2 Brake performance, by axle

For a meaningful brake test, axles should ideally be loaded 50-65% of their design weight - these weights can be found on the plating certificate of a vehicle/trailer (see Annex A for an example). The results are judged against a minimum requirement, so if operators fail to take note of these results then they may continue to run a defective vehicle/trailer.

3 Test summary and overall result

This is the part some operators only focus on - but should not!

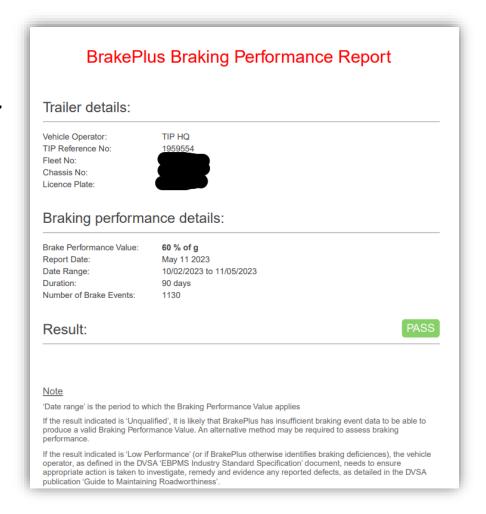


What's the alternative to RBT?



Electronic braking performance monitoring system (EBPMS)

- Enables the braking performance of a trailer monitored and recorded during everyday operations under a variety of operating conditions
- Autonomously collects data during every braking event, analysing the data over time to produce a braking performance value.



GOV.UK – EBPMS Industry Standard Specification

The future?

- Realtime reporting
- Vehicle/Trailer connectivity
- Individual brake monitoring recording heat
- Alternative to current MOT test method



Upcoming activities and events

Member briefing webinar

Public services: 11th Jun

https://logistics.org.uk/memberbriefings24

Events

Fleet Engineer: 19th Jun

https://logistics.org.uk/fleet-engineer

Forums and working groups

- Van Policy Working Group: 25th Jun
- Environment Working Group: 27th Jun

https://logistics.org.uk/membership/logisticsuk-councils

Awards

- Van Awards deadline for entries: 12th Jul https://logistics.org.uk/vanawards24
- Logistics Awards deadline for entries: 12th Jul https://logistics.org.uk/logistics24





Logistics UK Support

- Member advice centre MAC
- E-News and Logistics magazine
- Operator Licence Compliance Information Service (OLCIS)
- Training Driver CPC, Transport Manager, Vehicle inspection
- Consultancy and Audits
- Vehicle Inspections
- Shop
- Logistics UK Vision Drivers' hours and working time monitoring



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^{*}Calls may be recorded for training purposes