

# Implications of Brexit for Logistics FTA ABC Guide to Brexit

### FTA 'ABC' Guide to Brexit



- A. Access to the Single Market
- B. Border controls
- C. Customs tariffs & procedures
- D. Domestic legislation
- E. Enforcement
- F. Fuel Duty
- G. Global markets
- H. Heathrow
- I. Ireland
- J. Join in with FTA

- L. Legal process for leaving
- ${\sf N}$  .  ${\sf N}$ on-UK workers
- R. Rail freight
- S. Scotland
- T. Trade deals
- U. User Levy
- V. Vans
- X. Exchange rate

# Access to the Single Market



- Most likely option: Free trade agreement
- What is at stake:
  - Future trade arrangements & procedures
  - Will all sectors retain maximum access to the single market?
  - Degree of regulatory convergence
- Default option = trade under WTO rules (i.e. no preferential access)



What will be the conditions and procedures for future trade with the European Single Market?

### **B**order controls



- Juxtaposed controls UK border in Calais
- Calls for renegotiation of Le Touquet
   Agreement in France
- Restricted space in UK means that service frequency could be limited
- Delays resulting from Customs checks could have similar negative impact
- FTA is modelling the cost & impact this could have



# Customs tariffs & procedures



- PM has said the UK will leave the Customs Union
- PM's objective remains 'frictionless' trade with the EU
- Various scenarios for when the UK leaves the customs union:
  - No friction
  - Low friction
  - High friction
- FTA has commissioned work on the rules and procedures that would apply to UK exports and imports under different trading relationships
- FTA will scrutinise new trade deals to make them 'shipper-friendly'



# FTA 'Clean Brexit' agenda



- Customs IT systems need to be able to process additional declarations
- Learning curve: industry needs time to adapt
- Equivalent procedures in EU customs administrations
- Avoid vehicle checks at ports & airports
- No cliff-edge

# **D**omestic legislation



- Great Repeal Bill to repeal European Communities Act 1972
- Re-enact current legislation under new Act of Parliament
- Parliament then can decide which EU rules to repeal, change or keep
- Scope for change depends on new Single Market deal
- Two-tier system for international transport: UK & EU?
- Some rules for international transport are not governed at EU level:
  - · Drivers hours limits
  - Dangerous goods



### **E**nforcement



- Greater scope for 'local' enforcement of rules on non-EU trucks, e.g.
  - France, Italy, Austria: minimum wage
- No appeal to Brussels after Brexit
- Requirements for drivers, vehicles
   & loads need to be settled in new deal for Access to the Single Market...
- ...Or through bi-lateral deals with each Member State



# Fuel duty



- Brexit will have fiscal implications for UK...
  - Currency Exchange rates
  - Government bond yields
- ... but the logistics industry needs an attractive level of taxation
- A 3p per litre cut in fuel duty would deliver around £1,500 annual saving on the running costs of a 44 tonne truck



### **G**lobal markets



- UK needs connections with international markets
- UK risks being bypassed:
  - Consolidation of container shipping sector
  - rise of the Megaships (18,000 TEU)
- Port investment required in handling and inland road and rail connections



### **H**eathrow



- UK needs a world-class air cargo hub airport
- Most air cargo travels in passenger aircraft
- World-wide connections vital with existing and new global markets
- Independent Airports
   Commission accepted FTA's
   freight arguments for Heathrow
- Government has given the goahead to Heathrow, work needs to start fast



# **I**reland



- Distinct issues for the island of Ireland
- Only EU/UK land border
- High dependency of trade between Republic and Northern Ireland
- Many businesses operate on an 'Island of Ireland' basis
- No 'hard' border promise at UK/ Ireland Summit
- Most Irish international road haulage traffic transits the UK to reach rest of EU, via Irish Sea services



# Leaving - Article 50 Process



PM triggers Article 50

By end March 2017



European Council (minus UK) agrees guidelines for EU negotiations



2 year period to negotiate withdrawal agreementFuture relationship might not be decided at this stage



If no deal is reached & no extension is secured, EU treaties cease to apply

WTO rules apply until the UK has negotiated an FTA



If no deal is reached, negotiations can be extended with unanimous approval



If deal is reached, UK leaves & new arrangements apply (or discussions on future relationship start)

# EU roles & responsibilities

#### **European Council**

**Donald Tusk** 



- Sets out guidelines for the negotiations
- Can delegate detail of negotiations to the European Commission
- Concludes the agreement with the UK with qualified majority

#### **European Commission**

Michel Barnier



 Task Force & Chief
 Negotiator are likely to lead the detail of negotiations

-Services will provide technical expertise & lead on trade negotiations

#### **European Parliament**

**Guy Verhofstadt MEP** 



Needs to provide its consent before the Council can conclude the agreement with the UK

## **J**oin in with FTA

FTA

- Freight councils road, rail,
   sea and air, shippers
- Consultation surveys
- Transport Manager seminars
- Monthly Member webinars



# What FTA is doing

FTA

- Contact with new Government departments
- Commissioning research
- Consultation with members
- Member webinars
- Brexit manifesto
- Keep Britain Trading event



### Non-UK EU workers



- Status of EU citizens working in UK undecided
- Subject to UK/EU negotiations
- Government wants to guarantee rights for UK citizens working in EU
- Major issue for whole of UK industry
- FTA making the case for freight transport:
  - 10% of drivers are non-UK, EU nationals
  - About 20% of staff working in warehouses are non-UK, EU nationals



# Rail freight



- EU rules provide safeguards for UK rail freight companies
  - Access to the rail network
  - Charging rules
- Will EU rules keep applying post-Brexit?
- What about international rules: COTIF?
- Customs red tape & trade disruption would affect rail freight negatively
- Limited impact on mode shift grants:
  - Funding comes from the UK already
  - UK state aids/competition rules are unlikely to be stricter than EU rules



### **S**cotland



- First Minister has made application to the PM for a second referendum on Scottish independence
- Timing of the referendum?
- Process for re-joining the EU
- FTA will closely monitor the situation



## **T**rade deals and Tariffs



- The EU negotiates free trade deals & tariff preferences with non-EU countries
- Post Brexit the UK will need to make its own trade deals and preference policies
- FTA is working with British Shippers Council & Global Shippers' Forum to
  - Identify key export and import trade partners
  - Identify priorities for trade preference policy and trade deals
  - Engage with DIT



## **V**ans



- EU proposing to extend truck licensing to vans
- May have to live with this depending on trade deal
- Need to influence while we still can
- FTA response: "what problem are you trying solve?"



# Practical implications of Brexit



### **Pre-Brexit**

- Until the UK leaves the EU: no radical changes
- All EU rules & regulations apply
- £ fluctuations already have an impact on FTA members

### **Post-Brexit**

- Extent of changes depends on Brexit deal
- Free trade is a priority for FTA

# Leading for Logistics on Brexit





